INVESTIGATING VOCABULARY GAMES AS A METHOD TO DEVELOP MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS' ENGLISH VOCABULARY IN EFL CLASS

A THESIS

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Degree of Sarjana Pendidikan in English Education Department

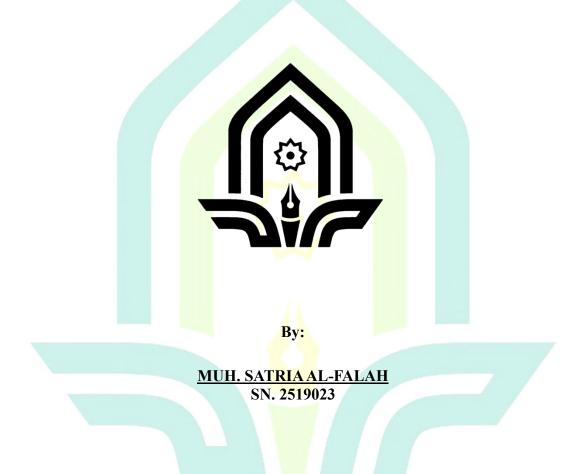


ENGLISH EDUCATION DEPARTMENT FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY K.H. ABDURRAHMAN WAHID PEKALONGAN 2024

INVESTIGATING VOCABULARY GAMES AS A METHOD TO DEVELOP MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS' ENGLISH VOCABULARY IN EFL CLASS

A THESIS

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Degree of Sarjana Pendidikan in English Education Department



ENGLISH EDUCATION DEPARTMENT FACULTY OF EDUCATION AND TEACHER TRAINING STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY K.H. ABDURRAHMAN WAHID PEKALONGAN 2024

LEMBAR PERNYATAAN KEASLIAN SKRIPSI

Yang bertanda tangan di bawah ini:

100

Nama : Muh. Satria Al-Falah NIM : 2519023

Fakultas : Tarbiyah dan Ilmu Keguruan

Dengan ini menyatakan bahwa skripsi yang berjudul "Investigating Vocabulary Games as A Method to Develop Middle School Students' English Vocabulary in EFL Class" adalah benar-benar hasil karya penulis, kecuali dalam kutipan yang telah penulis sebutkan sebelumnya.

Demikian pernyataan ini saya buat dengan sebenar-benarnya.

Pekalongan, 09 Juni 2024 Yang menyatakan,



Nadia Faradhillah, M.A. Jl. Futsal Perumahan Buaran Indah Blok B 121, Kota Pekalongan

NOTA PEMBIMBING

Lamp : 3 (Tiga) Eksemplar Hal : Naskah Skripsi Sdr. Muh. Satria Al-Falah

e.

Kepada Yth. Dekan FTIK UIN K.H. Abdurrahman Wahid c.q. Ketua Program Studi TBIG di <u>PEKALONGAN</u>

Assalamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

Setelah diadakan penelitian dan perbaikan, maka bersama ini saya kirimkan naskah Skripsi:

Nama : Muh. Satria Al-Falah

NIM : 2519023

Jurusan : FTIK/Tadris Bahasa Inggris

Judul : Investigating Vocabulary Games as A Method to Develop

Middle School Students' English Vocabulary in EFL Class

Dengan ini mohon agar skripsi tersebut segera dimunaqosahkan. Demikian nota pembimbing ini dibuat untuk digunakan sebagaimana mestinya. Atas perhatian Bapak/Ibu, saya sampaikan terima kasih.

Wassalamu'alaikum Wr. Wb.

Pekalongan, 09 Juni 2024

Pembimbing

dia Faradhilla 19930406 202012 2 015



APPROVAL SHEET

The Dean of Faculty of Education and Teacher Training Universitas Islam Negeri K.H. Abdurrahman Wahid Pekalongan approved this thesis by:

- NAME : MUH. SATRIA AL-FALAH
- SN : 2519023

TITLE : INVESTIGATING VOCABULARY GAMES AS A METHOD TO DEVELOP MIDDLE SCHOOL STUDENTS' ENGLISH VOCABULARY IN EFL CLASS

Has been established through an examination held on Thursday, 20 June 2024 and accepted in partial fulfillment of requirements for the Degree of Sarjana Pendidikan (S.Pd.) in English Education.

The Examiners,

Examiner I

Ahmad Burhanuddin, M. A. NIP. 19851215 201503 1 004

Examiner II

Dr. M. Ali Ghufron, M.Pd. NIP. 19870723 202012 1 004

Pekalongan, 24th June 2024

Assigned by The Dean of FTIK Pekalongan Dr. H. Moh. Sugeng Solehuddin, M. Ag. NIP. 19730112 200003 1 001

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Praise be to Allah, the Cherisher and Sustainer of the worlds, my thesis becomes reality and getting many kinds of support from many individuals. Therefore, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to all of them.

- First and foremost, my beloved family I would like to express my gratitude to my parent, Mrs. Usrotun, for your support, prayers, and unconditional love until I could finish this thesis. To my brothers and my sisters, even though sometimes you are annoying, I am always thankful to have you.
- Second, I would like to say my gratitude to my supervisor, Mrs. Nadia Faradhillah, M.A. Thank you for supervising my proposal and letting me experience this incredible journey in our department.
- Third, do not forget to mention my gratitude to my fellows English Education Department'19 students. Thank you for your unwavering support, memories, and I am very happy to be one of you.
- 4. Fourth, I would like to extend my gratitude to every single person who contributed to my thesis. I apologize for not mentioning every person one by one, but I am very grateful for your help and support.
- 5. Last but not least, I wanna thank me. I wanna thank me for believing in me. I wanna thank me for all doing this hard work. I want to thank me for being very strong during these 4 years. I wanna thank me for never quitting. I wanna thank me for just being me at all times.

ΜΟΤΤΟ

الًا صَاحِبَ عِلْمَ مَمْقُوْتُ"

"Tidak pernah ada orang yang berilmu menjadi terhina"

KH. Ahmad Djazuli Utsman – Ploso

"Believe you can and you're halfway there"

Theodore Roosevelt

ABSTRAK

Dalam pembelajaran, siswa membutuhkan inovasi metode pengajaran untuk menarik perhatian siswa. Metode pengajaran ada bermacam-macam, salah satunya melalui Vocabulary Games. Vocabulary Game adalah metode pembelajaran untuk menemukan kosakata dalam bahasa Inggris dengan cara yang menyenangkan bagi siswa. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui bagaimana permainan kosakata dapat mengembangkan kosakata siswa dengan mengamati serta mewawancarai guru bahasa Inggris dan siswa selama di kelas menggunakan metode Vocabulary Games untuk mendapatkan lebih banyak data yang dapat menjelaskan permainan kosakata. Penelitian ini adalah peneltian kualitatif dari jenis narrative inquiry dimana peneliti mengumpulkan data dari wawancara semiterstruktur yang bertujuan untuk mendapatkan informasi pengalaman nyata dari guru dan siswa selama aktivias pembelajaran. Penelitian ini melibatkan seorang guru dan lima siswa sebagai informan dari salah satu Madrasah Tsanawiah (MTs) di kabupaten Pekalongan. Hasil dari penelitian ini yaitu ada dua aspek utama, yaitu: (1) faktor penggunaan permainan kosakata yang dapat mengembangkan kosakata bahasa Inggris siswa, meliputi kegembiraan yang dirasakan siswa, kompetisi yang memicu adrenalin siswa, belajar yang menyenangkan. (2) Tantangan dalam menerapkan permainan kosakata untuk mengembangkan kosakata bahasa Ing<mark>gris</mark> siswa, meliputi terbatasn</mark>ya waktu, permainan membosankan yang d<mark>iulan</mark>g, dan ku<mark>r</mark>angnya ma<mark>najem</mark>en kelas. Hasil dari penelitian ini diharapkan dapat mengembangkan metode pembelajaran yang telah ada, dan dapat menjadi pertimbangan guru di Indonesia untuk lebih memperhatikan metode <mark>pemb</mark>elajar<mark>a</mark>n untuk si<mark>s</mark>wa.

Kata kunci: Vocabulary games; Permainan; Kosakata; Metode pembelajaran.



ABSTRACT

In learning, students need innovative teaching methods to attract students' attention. There are various teaching methods, one of which is through Vocabulary Games. Vocabulary Game is a learning method to find vocabulary in English in a fun way for students. This study aims to find out how vocabulary games can develop students' vocabulary by observing and interviewing English teachers and students during class using the Vocabulary Games method to get more data that can explain vocabulary games. The research is a qualitative research of narrative inquiry type where the researcher collected data from semi-structured interviews which aimed to get the real experience information from the teacher and students during learning activities. This study involved a teacher and five students as informants from one of the Madrasah Tsanawiah (MTs) in Pekalongan district. The results of this study are two main aspects, namely: (1) the factors of using vocabulary games that can develop students' English vocabulary, including the excitement felt by students, competition that triggers students' adrenaline, fun learning. (2) Challenges in applying vocabulary games to develop students' English vocabulary, including limited time, repeatedly boring games, and lack of class management. The finding of this research is expected to develop existing learning methods, and expected to be a consideration for teachers in Indonesia to pay more attention to learning methods for students.

Keywords: Vocabulary games; Games; Vocabulary; Learning method.



PREFACE

Praises and gratefulness are sent to Allah SWT who has poured His grace and His gift and bestowed me guidance, health, and patience so that the writing process of my research proposal research "Investigating Vocabulary Games as A Method to Develop Middle School Students' English Vocabulary in EFL Class" can be completed. It is submitted to English Education Department, UIN K.H. Abdurrahman Wahid Pekalongan to fulfil one of the requirements for Degree of Sarjana Pendidikan. This study can be accomplished because of many supports from several people. Therefore, in this occasion I would like to express my sincere gratitude to:

- 1. Prof. Dr. H. Zaenal Mustakim, M. Ag., the rector of UIN K.H Abdurrahman Wahid Pekalongan;
- 2. Prof. Dr. H. M. Sugeng Sholehuddin, M. Ag., the dean of the Education and Teachers' Training Faculty of UIN K.H Abdurrahman Wahid Pekalongan;
- 3. Mr. Ahmad Burhanuddin, M. A., the head of the English Education Department, Teachers' Training Faculty of UIN K.H Abdurrahman Wahid Pekalongan;
- 4. My kindest supervisor, Mrs. Nadia Faradhillah, M.A., who has given me suggestions, guidance, and time in writing this thesis;
- 5. All lecturers and staff of the English Education Department, UIN K.H. Abdurrahman Wahid Pekalongan;
- 6. My beloved parent, Mrs. Usrotun who have given me endless support, prayer, advice, and encouragement in writing this thesis.
- 7. My dearest friends who fight through the journey together since the very beginning.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LEMBAR PERNYATAAN KEASLIAN SKRIPSI	ii
NOTA PEMBIMBING	iii
APPROVAL SHEET	iv
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	v
мотто	vi
ABSTRAK	vii
ABSTRACT	viii
PREFACE	ix
TABLE OF CONTENTS	X
TABLE LIST	xii
ENCLOSURE LIST	xiii
CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Background of The Study	1
1.2 Formulation of the problem	3
1.3 Operational definition	4
1.4 Aims of the study	4
1.5 Significance of the study	5
1.6 Systematics of Writing	5
CHAPTER II LITERATURE REVIEW	7
2.1 Literature Review	7
2.2 Previous Study	14

2.3 Conceptual Framework	16
CHAPTER III RESEARH PROCEDURE	18
3.1 Research Design	18
3.2 Research Context	18
3.3 Setting and Participants	18
3.4 Data Collection	19
3.5 Data Validation	20
3.5 Data Analysis	21
3.6 Research Steps	21
CHAPTER IV RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	23
4.1 Result	23
4.2 Discussion	30
CHAPTER V CONCLUSSION	42
5.1 Summary of the Findings	42
5.2 Recommendation	42

TABLE LIST

Table 2.1 Conceptual Framework	16
-	
Table 3.1 List of Participants	19



ENCLOSURE LIST

- 1. Enclosure 1: Interview Question
- 2. Enclosure 2: Transcription of The Interview
- 3. Enclosure 3: Observation Sheet



CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background of Study

Vocabulary is a fundamental and critical aspect of language learning (Bakhsh, 2016). It should be taught first even before grammar, even though grammar plays an important role in the language formation process. Without a proficient vocabulary, one's intended message or meaning may not be understood accurately. To develop students' vocabulary, teachers should instead utilize innovative teaching strategies, such as using teaching aids and technologies or applying game-based methods. The translation method only aids in memorization, whereas a student's vocabulary proficiency encompasses spelling, pronunciation, comprehension, contextual usage, and theme understanding (Permana, 2020).

Teaching vocabulary to middle school students is more difficult than teaching teenagers or adults because they are easily distracted. Students often have short attention spans and high physical energy levels. In addition, students are very connected to their environment and are more interested in physical and tangible (Pertiwi et al., 2020). Students like to have fun and play, so teachers must choose vocabulary teaching methods that suit them. Vocabulary games are an effective way to avoid students' laziness, also they play a special role in foreign language teaching. Both students and teachers will benefit from using games during class. In addition, teachers can achieve maximum results by applying the use of vocabulary games (Bakhsh, 2016). In addition, students are not supposed to be sitting still spending time in their chair and talking to their teacher only. It is the teacher who should provide a variety of experiences and a series of activities without boring them (Uysal and Yavuz, 2015).

Vocabulary games have several advantages for learning a language. It offers an enjoyable and relaxed learning atmosphere for students. After learning and practicing new words, students can use language without pressure by playing games. When playing a game, they are focused on the message rather than the language. In the context of games, anxiety levels can decrease, speaking fluency is developed, and communicative ability can be reached (Wulanjani, 2016). Furthermore, vocabulary games are not for fun only but also create a sense of communication and predictability. Since the language used in any activity is unpredictable, teachers should encourage students to actively construct language for themselves. In addition, because of the creative language skills that students bring to a classroom, teachers should provide a communicative atmosphere where students can express themselves (Bakhsh, 2016).

Students at one of the middle schools in Kajen, Pekalongan have a basic understanding of the English language since they have never been exposed to it formally before. Ahsan (Personal communication, March 5, 2024) explains that the majority of the students did not learn the English language in elementary school. Therefore, their understanding is basic. This lack of understanding often leads to confusion, boredom, and complaints when the teacher instructs using traditional methods and techniques. Another obstacle for students is their lack of interest in learning English. Many students do not pay attention to their teacher during class, and some students fall asleep while the teacher was explaining. In response, the school's English teacher has introduced vocabulary games to develop their English vocabulary ability. This game can also help students' English comprehension and expand their vocabulary. According to Bakhsh (2016), teaching vocabulary through games is crucial for students because it keeps the learning process enjoyable and interesting, and also it motivates them to use language confidently and creatively.

Seeing the importance of vocabulary used in the English language, the research of Investigating Vocabulary Games as a Method to Develop Middle School Students' English Vocabulary in EFL Class become an urgency to be conducted. This research is conducted to see the use of vocabulary games in developing students' vocabulary proficiency.

1.2 Formulation of Problems

Based on the research background of the study, there are two the research problem of this study:

- 1. How can the use of vocabulary games method develop students' English vocabulary?
- 2. What are the challenges in implementing vocabulary games to develop students' English vocabulary?

1.3 Operational Definitions

To anticipate misunderstanding about some terms in this study, the researcher presents some clarity related to the study below:

- Vocabulary Games : A method to be inspiring, fun, and efficient, promoting vocabulary retention and a tool for enhancing the ability to infer meanings of new vocabulary. (Ngoc Vu et al., 2021).
 EFL : EFL (English Foreign Language) is mainly used by non-native English learners, such as Indonesian learners of
- English in Indonesia (Si, 2019).
 3. Middle School : A school usually includes grades six to eight (Schuchat et al., 2017).

1.4 Aims of The Study

This study aims to find out how vocabulary games could develop students' vocabulary by observing the English teacher teach during class using the vocabulary games method and interviewing some students and the teacher to get more data that could explain vocabulary games. 1.

- Theoretical : This research presents the results and the theory from Piaget to education which is useful as a reference for developing knowledge about vocabulary games.
- Empirical
 In the empirical aspect, the research contributes to the existence of the knowledge of vocabulary games that comes from the students and teacher's experiences.
- 3. Practical : The research helps the teacher in the way of delivering a vocabulary lesson that is considered boring and difficult by students.

1.6 Systematics of Writing

This research consists of five chapters. In order to be more systematic and focused on a thought, the discussion of this thesis is organized in detail as follows:

- 1. Chapter I INTRODUCTION, includes the background of study, formulation of the problems, operational definitions, aims of the study, significance of the study, and systematics of writing.
- 2. Chapter II THEORETICAL BACKGROUND, explains various theoretical descriptions, including an explanation of the vocabulary games

learning methods, the factors that influence vocabulary game method, previous study and conceptual framework.

- Chapter III RESEARCH PROCEDURE, contains of research design, research context, settings and participants, data collection, data analysis, and research steps.
- 4. Chapter IV RESULT AND DISCUSSION, explains the factors that cause the development of students' vocabulary in the vocabulary games that have been carried out, such as the excitement felt by students, the competition to win the vocabulary game, adrenaline rush, and play with friends. Also, contains about the challenges in implementing vocabulary games to develop students' English vocabulary, such as limited time, saturated with vocabulary games that don't changes, and make the class crowded.
- 5. Chapter V CONCLUSION, contains summary from the research process and recommendation.



CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

5.1 Summary of the Findings

Based on the results and discussions, the findings revealed that the vocabulary method can develop students' vocabulary. Through the vocabulary method, students' vocabulary is developed because of several factors, namely excitement, competition, and fun learning. However, the vocabulary game also has a several challenges in implementation, namely limited time, repeatedly boring game, and lack of class management, which the boring game aspect is only argued by a student.

5.2 Recommendation

Based on the results of the research, the following are the implications and recommendations for further related research which are recommended by the researcher. The suggestions are taken as follows:

The researcher suggests that a teacher could develop their teaching method in the classroom, whatever the lesson taught to students. Because, students willingly accept a lesson by getting their interest. To get students' interest, it could be from any method, such as game method. If teachers have students' attention, it takes a short time to make students understand. Finally, teachers follow students' interest, not the otherwise. Moreover, this research can be a guide for teachers in various regions to implement the method of learning vocabulary. Besides that, this research can also be used as a reference to create a better teaching and learning environment.

REFERENCES

- Abrams, Z. I. (2020). Intercultural Communication: Teaching Vocabulary. In Intercultural Communication and Language Pedagogy (pp. 83–105). Cambridge University Press. https://doi.org/10.1017/9781108780360.005
- Afyah, L. (2007). FAKULTAS PSIKOLOGI UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI MALANG 2007.
- Ahsan. (2024, March 5). Interview Data.
- Akdogan, E. (2017). DEVELOPING VOCABULARY IN GAME ACTIVITIES AND GAME MATERIALS. *Journal of Teaching and Education*.
- Bakhsh, S. A. (2016). Using Games as a Tool in Teaching Vocabulary to Young Learners. English Language Teaching, 9(7), 120. https://doi.org/10.5539/elt.v9n7p120
- Benson, P., Barkhuizen, G., & Chik, A. (2014). Narrative inquiry in language teaching and learning research. New York: Routledge.
- Bavi, F. (2018). The effect of using fun activities on learning vocabulary at the elementary level. *Journal of Language Teaching and Research*, 9(3), 629– 639. https://doi.org/10.17507/jltr.0903.24
- Braun, V. & Clarke, V. (2006). Using Thematic Analisys in Psychology. Qualitative Research in Psychology, 3 (2), 77-101.
- Budiana, S., Nurjaman, A., & Sa'adah, N. (2020). Pedagonal: Jurnal Ilmiah Pendidikan ANALISIS MODEL PEMBELAJARAN DISCOVERY LEARNING DALAM TIGA RENCANA PELAKSANAAN PEMBELAJARAN (RPP) TEKS LAPORAN HASIL OBSERVASI KELAS VII SMP DI KOTA BOGOR. *Pedagonal: Jurnal Ilmiah Pendidikan*, 00. http://journal.unpak.ac.id/index.php/pedagonal
- Clandinin, D. J., & Conelly, F. M. (2000). Narrative inquiry: Experience and story in qualitative research. San Fransisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.
- Dickinson, D. K., Collins, M. F., Nesbitt, K., Toub, T. S., Hassinger-Das, B., Hadley, E. B., Hirsh-Pasek, K., & Golinkoff, R. M. (2019). Effects of Teacher-Delivered Book Reading and Play on Vocabulary Learning and Self-Regulation among Low-Income Preschool Children. *Journal of Cognition and Development*, 20(2), 136–164. https://doi.org/10.1080/15248372.2018.1483373
- Doehler, S. P., & Eskildsen, S. W. (2022). Emergent L2 Grammars in and for Social Interaction: Introduction to the Special Issue. *Modern Language Journal*, 106, 3–22. https://doi.org/10.1111/modl.12759

- Furqon, A. N. (2007). USING DIRECT METHOD IN TEACHING VOCABULARY [SYARIF HIDAYATULLAH STATE ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY]. https://repository.uinjkt.ac.id/dspace/bitstream/123456789/8312/1/AHM AD%20NURUL%20FURQON-FITK
- Gatt, S. (2003). *Constructivism: An effective Theory of Learning*. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/284722693
- Hao, Y., Lee, K. S., Chen, S. T., & Sim, S. C. (2019). An evaluative study of a mobile application for middle school students struggling with English vocabulary learning. *Computers in Human Behavior*, 95, 208–216. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chb.2018.10.013
- Juan José Salazar Salcedo, Diana Katherine Toro Ortiz, Edwin Gamboa, & María Trujillo. (2020). *Human-Computer Interaction* (V. Agredo-Delgado, P. H. Ruiz, & K. O. Villalba-Condori, Eds.; Vol. 1334). Springer International Publishing. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-66919-5
- Jugder, N. (2016). The thematic analysis of interview data: an approach used to examine the influence of the market on curricular provision in Mongolian higher education institutions (Vol. 3).
- Lorenzutti, N. (2016). Vocabulary Games: More than Just Wordplay. ENGLISH TEACHING FORUM, 2–13.
- Moody, S., Hu, X., Kuo, L. J., Jouhar, M., Xu, Z., & Lee, S. (2018). Vocabulary instruction: A critical analysis of theories, research, and practice. *Education Sciences*, 8(4). https://doi.org/10.3390/educsci8040180
- Naderi, S., & Moafian, F. (2023). The victory of a non-digital game over a digital one in vocabulary learning. *Computers and Education Open*, 4, 100135. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.caeo.2023.100135
- Ngoc Vu, N., Thi My Linh, P., Thi Hong Lien, N., & Thi Thu Van, N. (2021). Using Word Games to Improve Vocabulary Retention in Middle School EFL Classes.
- Niagara, A. S. (2023). EXPLORING STUDENTS' PSYCHOLOGICAL PROBLEMS OF SPEAKING IN BRITISH PARLIAMENTARY DEBATE PRACTICE AT AN INDONESIAN UNIVERSITY: A NARRATIVE RESEARCH.
- Obikwelu, C., & Read, J. C. (2012). The serious game constructivist framework for children's learning. *Procedia Computer Science*, 15, 32–37. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.procs.2012.10.055
- Permana, I. G. Y. (2020). Teaching Vocabulary for Elementary School Students. *The Art of Teaching English as a Foreign Language*, 1(2), 1–4. https://doi.org/10.36663/tatefl.v1i2.56

- Pertiwi, R. S., Salabiyati, I., Damara, D., & Pratolo, B. (2020). *The Teacher's Perspectives About Challenges of Teaching English for Young Learners: A Case Study at English Course for Young Learners.*
- Rahmat, N. H., & Mohandas, E. S. (2020). VOCABULARY ACQUISITION AMONG ESL LEARNERS: A LOOK AT STRATEGIES AND BARRIERS. European Journal of English Language Teaching, 6(2). https://doi.org/10.46827/ejel.v6i2.3431
- Ratminingsih, N. M. (2021). Metode Dan Strategi Pembelajaran Bahasa Inggris.
- Richards, J. C., Platt, J., & Weber, H. (1985). Longman Dictionary of Applied Linguistics. London: Longman Group UK Limited.
- Saleh, A. M., & Ahmed Althaqafi, A. S. (2022). The Effect of Using Educational Games as a Tool in Teaching English Vocabulary to Arab Young Children: A Quasi-Experimental Study in a Kindergarten School in Saudi Arabia. *SAGE Open*, *12*(1). https://doi.org/10.1177/21582440221079806
- Schuchat, A., Director, A., Griffin, P. M., Rasmussen, S. A., Dunworth, S., Gerdes, K., Hood, T. M., Leahy, M. A., Martinroe, J. C., Spriggs, S. R., Yang, T., Doan, Q. M., King, P. H., Starr, T. M., Yang, M., Jones, T. F., Boulton, M. L., Caine, V. A., Daniel, K. L., ... Schaffner, W. (2017). Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report Centers for Disease Control and Prevention MMWR Editorial and Production Staff (Weekly) MMWR Editorial Board. In *Rep* (Vol. 66).
- Schunk, D. H. (2012). LEARNING THEORIES AN EDUCATIONAL PERSPECTIVE (6th ed.).
- Si, P. (2019). A Study of the Differences between EFL and ESL for English Classroom Teaching in China. *IRA International Journal of Education and Multidisciplinary Studies*, *15*(1), 32. https://doi.org/10.21013/jems.v15.n1.p4
- Sönmez, S. (2018). "11 steps" process as a research method. Universal Journal of Educational Research, 6(11), 2597–2603. https://doi.org/10.13189/ujer.2018.061125
- Sulaiman, A. (2020). Penggunaan Prinsip-Prinsip Exciting Classrooms dalam Meningkatkan Minat Belajar dan Kesadaran Berperilaku Baik Peserta Didik. *Paedagogie: Jurnal Pendidikan Dan Studi ISlam*, 1(1), 32–41. https://doi.org/10.52593/pdg.01.1.03
- Tang, J. T. (2023). Comparative study of game-based learning on preschoolers' English vocabulary acquisition in Taiwan. *Interactive Learning*

Environments,	<i>31</i> (4),	1958–1973.
https://doi.org/10.1080/104	94820.2020.1865406	

- Toub, T. S., Hassinger-Das, B., Nesbitt, K. T., Ilgaz, H., Weisberg, D. S., Hirsh-Pasek, K., Golinkoff, R. M., Nicolopoulou, A., & Dickinson, D. K. (2018). The language of play: Developing preschool vocabulary through play following shared book-reading. *Early Childhood Research Quarterly*, 45, 1–17. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecresq.2018.01.010
- Tuan, L. T. (2012). Vocabulary recollection through games. *Theory and Practice in Language Studies*, 2(2), 257–264. https://doi.org/10.4304/tpls.2.2.257-264
- Uysal, N. D., & Yavuz, F. (2015). Teaching English to Very Young Learners. *Procedia* - *Social and Behavioral Sciences*, 197, 19–22. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.sbspro.2015.07.042
- Valette. (1977). Classroom Techniques: Foreign Language and English as a Second Language. . . Fourth Worth, Harcourt Brace Jovanvich, Inc., Orlando, FL.
- Wulanjani, A. N. (2016). The Use of Vocabulary-Games in Improving Children's Vocabulary in English Language Learning. *Transformatika*, 12.
- Yudha, R. I., Azmi, U., & Larasati, L. (2020). Analisa Pemanfaatan Teman Sebaya dalam Perkembangan Belajar Siswa Pada Program Keahlian di SMK PGRI 2 Kota Jambi. Jurnal Ilmiah Universitas Batanghari Jambi, 20(3), 773. https://doi.org/10.33087/jiubj.v20i3.1059
- Yusuf, M. (2020). Model Pembelajaran Kompetisi dalam Meningkatkan Motivasi Belajar Siswa. 1.
- Zahro, A. (2020). Prosiding Seminar Daring Nasional: Pengembangan Kurikulum Merdeka Belajar Program Studi Pendidikan Bahasa Indonesia. https://ejournal.unib.ac.id/index.php/semiba/issue/view/956/Tersediadi:h ttps://ejournal.unib.ac.id/index.php/semiba/issue/view/956/
- Zakki, A., & Nirwana, H. (2022). Pandangan Kognitif Tentang Belajar. *Jurnal Literasi Pendidikan*, 1(2). https://doi.org/10.56480/eductum.v1i2.752
- Zou, D., Wang, F. L., Xie, H., & Kohnke, L. (2018). Game-based vocabulary learning in China and Hong Kong: Students' evaluation of different word learning APPs. *Communications in Computer and Information Science*, 843, 44–55. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-981-13-0008-0_5

CURRICULUM VITAE

Name	: Muh. Satria Al-Falah
Student Number	: 2519023
Place and Date of Birth	: Pekalongan, June 7, 2001
Gender	: Male
Address	: Pringlangu Gg 7 No 52 RT 03 RW 12 Pekalongan Barat, Kota Pekalongan

Educational Background: 1.TK Muslimat NU Assyafiiyah Pringlangu (2007)

- 2. MII Pringlangu 01 (2013)
- 3. MTs Salafiyah Simbangkulon (2016)
- 4. MA Salafiyah Simbangkulon (2019)
- 5. English Education Department, Faculty of Education and Teacher Training, UIN K.H. Abdurrahman Wahid Pekalongan (2024)